Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 7 1884

NO 7461

WASHINGTON.

Passed and now Pending In Congress

ATTACKED THE OREGON CENTRAL GRANT

Speech of the Week in the Transported in Con

Speech Book—The Postal Telegraph

The Train Robber Bill—&c.

Complimentary Dinner

Personal

Political Gossip—Special—Miss A M Foy

THE PRESIDENCY

Personal Notes and Political Health

Washington Special The Herald

THE OREGON CENTRAL GRANT

George Sherwin in the Tribune

THE PRESIDENCY

Personal Notes Jas Till and Sol A Blain's Health

Washington Special The Herald

THE LOSS OF THE STEAMER

The Letter of the Commander and Inspectors and Engineers in Regard to

Washington Special The Herald

THE TRADE DOLLAR BILL

Bedford Cassidy and Bland Secure the Rejection of Two Items

Washington Special The Herald

THE OREGON CENTRAL GRANT

Bland Speaks Against It—Senator Hill Defends It

Washington Special The Herald

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1884

WAIT A LITTLE.

An esteemed democratic contemporary of eastern Oregon appears to be out of patience with THE OREGONIAN because it does not come out in support of the democratic party on the tariff question. First, however, we think it will be well for the democratic party to ascertain what its own position on the tariff question is. Its free trade and protection factions are flying at each other's throats and making each other out of the party, and the new recruit in the party would be sadly puzzled at this time to find out just what the tariff principles of the party are. Moreover he might well fear that he would not be able to make himself comfortable in this inharmonious and unhappy family.

The historical record of the democratic party on the tariff question is a record both for free trade and protection. Its history therefore corresponds with its present position on the subject. In congress at this time the protectionists are the backers for them, and possibly they are the weaker faction also among the masses of the party. But they are powerful enough to prevent the party from enacting any measure of tariff reduction, and in many states they constitute about all there is of the party. Not to mention Pennsylvania, because it is a pronounced republican state, we find the democratic protectionists largely in the majority in Connecticut, New Jersey, Ohio and Indiana; they are powerful also in New York, and have positive strength in many southern states. Democratic journals of Louisiana and Tennessee are overt in the most earnest and positive manner that those states will not stand by the party on the issue of a tariff for revenue only, and if our Pendleton contemporary wants to find out what its democratic brethren of eastern Oregon think on the subject let it insist on the adoption of a resolution in the democratic platform, to be made at The Dalles a few days hence, calling for the enactment of the Morrison tariff bill, which provides for the further reduction of the duty on wool.

Will not our esteemed democratic contemporary therefore suspend its call upon THE OREGONIAN to come into the democratic party on this issue of tariff reduction, at least till it sees what The Dalles platform is going to say about it? It is no long time to wait. The Dalles convention will be held on the 17th of the present month, and perhaps then we shall know whether the democratic party of Oregon is going with Randall or with Morrison. Very likely it will go with Morrison on the main issue, but with Randall on wool—wool being the only Oregon product as yet afflicted by the tariff. In that case of course our democratic friends cannot complain if their party brethren in Pennsylvania insist on having ample protection for pig iron, or if their New Jersey brethren demand full protection for pottery, carpets, spool cotton, and so on. Any examination of the subject, however slight, will show that the prospect of getting a reduction of the tariff through the democratic party is not assuring. The party will not do as much in that direction as the republican party did last session, when it passed a tariff bill that effected certain reductions, every one of which has since been complained of by democrats in one section of the country or another just as the democrats of Oregon have complained of the reduction of the duty on wool.

THE OPENING OF SPRING.

The dwellers on the Pacific coast can boast one of the most delightful climates in the world; but where winter imposes no hardships, spring fails to afford that keen delight, that ever new surprise with which her tardy coming is welcomed in more rigorous climes. Those cold countries which Hoine satirized as having no other ripe fruit than baked apples, are not without natural advantages peculiar to themselves. The changes of the seasons are there so sharply accentuated that they can hardly fail to strike the most indifferent observer. One day all nature seems locked in the chill embrace of winter; the next, one may catch a glimpse of spring, wearing her shawl lugged about her shoulders, and when, next day she appears, it is lightly trailing from her arm. Beneath the "Presto change" of the Great Magician, the whole world bursts at once into verdure and bloom. The sudden, transporting effect savors less of earth than heaven. Like the music of the spheres, it seems to beckon men away from the sphere of the common world which Goethe says binds us all.

But in mild countries like this, where the spring advances slowly, her coming is less observed. For days, for weeks perhaps, she vainly invites the sealed eye to open to her beauties, the sluggish heart to waken to her charms. With soft persistence she reveals her loveliness more and more. The wild current flames upon the hill-sides, and in the low lands the white trellium blooms, until at last there comes a day when our sluggish hearts awaken and our blind eyes see. Then it is that we are reminded of those far off elysian fields described by Homer where dwells Radamanthus with the golden hair, where life is ever sweet and sorrow is not, nor winter nor any rain nor storm, and the never dying breezes blow soft and cool from off the ocean.

We have often admired the healthy optimism of the boy, in one of the books we read in childhood, who said in the spring, "Oh, that it were always spring!" and in the winter exclaimed: "Oh, that it were always winter!" The Ettrick shepherd said, "there is no such thing in nature as bad weather," and he spent most of his days in a Scotch mist which comes about as near being bad weather as it can be "considering the number of inhabitants" in the Highland, if we may adopt the Yankee witticism respecting the amount of thunder to the number of inhabitants which Lowell says is one of the best specimens of Yankee wit he ever heard. The weather affects us very much according to our moods. Coleridge said, "a peculiar melancholy comes over me alike in the spring and in the autumn: but in the spring it is melancholy of hope, in the autumn it is the melancholy of despair." Hope can be said to be melancholy only because of the fleeting nature of the promises it awakens. We know that the flowers will soon fade and the grass will soon wither. "It appeareth but a little time and then vanishes away." But melancholy is not the natural feeling of spring time. We need not dwell upon its transitory nature. Our natural impulse is to seize the day and make the most of it, even though it is short. Thackeray did not think any the less of roast beef, or enjoy it any the less, because it was transitory. Nature invites us outward from ourselves at this time, and it is better to respond to the invitation and take a healthy objective sense of things. It is not the time to have "the eye of bat and the heart of bug." We should yield to the genial influences of the season and "lift the eye up to the style and manner of the sky," exhibiting in our feelings and conduct the ennobling spirit of our natural surroundings. The old Greeks had a delightful kind of appreciation of nature, and we can not bring this article to a more fitting close than by quoting Anacharsis' beautiful description of the spring in Attica. "In the happy climate where'in I reside," he said, "the spring is like the morning of a beautiful day. We then enjoy the blessings which it gives and those which it promises. Oh, god of pleasures! Oh, spring! I have this year beheld thee in all thy glory. You traversed as a conqueror the fields of Greece and scattered from your head the flowers which were to embellish them. You appeared in the valleys and they were changed into smiling meads; you were seen on the mountains and sorrylium and thyme exhaled a thousand perfumes; you rose into the air and diffused all around you the serenity of your smile. The loves eagerly hastened to you at your call and cast on every side their flaming darts, enkindling the whole earth. All things revived to receive new embellishments and were embellished to give new pleasures. Oh, re splendent days! Oh, delicious nights!"

VINEYARDS OF THE FUTURE.

Tillage of the soil in the Pacific states is fast approaching a period of revolution. The production of wheat for exportation to the United Kingdom is an industry already tottering on its feet, for two reasons: the first being that great distance from market, and the second, the growing competition of the British provinces along the Indian ocean. British capital is very conservative, and if low can bring Indian wheat to the English mills as cheaply as the cereal from the Pacific coast of America, the conservative Britons will not feel the loss. The decline of grain culture in California, because of the Sacramento valley, really astonishing people who have not visited the Sonoma, Napa and Santa Clara valleys, lately established a movement which has resulted in the planting of countless acres of waving vine and cuts are now turned into orchard and vine-clad on every side, the grapes growing in the finest forms of the varieties used for the table, while the hillsides are covered with vines designed wholly for the manufacture of wine. The manufacture of table wines has revolutionized wine drinking in America. So long as the Mission grape only was used the California wines contained too much sugar and alcohol, which was especially true of the Anglesia and Catawampa varieties. But a new departure began when the Hungarian vines were introduced into California. The Fiser Zagos, one of the varieties, has outpowered all others in the manufacture of rainless and for red wines the Zinfandel, or other Hungarian variety, now holds the top notch. The finished, rather German grape, is devoting most interest with the Riesling, as a specific for the manufacture of white wine. The wines from these grapes find ready sale at fifty cents per quart bottle and are sold in bulk at about $1 50 per gallon.

The excellence of these wines, as compared with their cost, has firmly established them in popular favor, for it is impossible to buy red Chambertin at a dollar per bottle that will equal the Zinfandel in purity and freedom from deleterious ingredients; and the Sacramento sold at two dollars per bottle do not surpass, one time in twenty, the California-made Riesling and Gutedel retailed at seventy-five cents per bottle for well kept wine which has accumulated richness with age. Indeed, the great drawback to the California wines, in the past, has been their want of age, owing to the anxiety of California wine-makers to get back the money invested in their product. That is easily explained, however, by the fact that in Pioneer money is well loaned at 3 per cent. per annum, while in California it never commands less than twice that sum. Hence the California wines are thrown on the market from two to five years sooner than they would have been if made in France or Germany.

We are frequently asked if we consider Oregon a wine growing state, and are compelled to answer in the negative so far as any comparisons with California are concerned. Nevertheless we have four counties in the state in which wine-growing could be made a good paying industry which time must necessarily develop and improve. The counties of Wasco and Umatilla have countless acres of land well adapted to grape culture, with long seasons of hot summer and autumn weather well calculated to ripen the grape in the highest state of perfection. The greatest objection to those counties, however, is the severe winters, which are liable either to kill the vines in the ground or else materially impair their bearing for the succeeding season. But in Jackson and Josephine counties no such obstacle presents itself. The winters are mild and the summers long, so that the vines will need comparatively little nursing after their second year in the ground. And while wine manufacture in the Rogue river counties has barely advanced beyond an experimental stage, yet enough has been realized by such experiments as to give good ground for the belief that viticulture must be the leading industry of our two southern counties before another decade shall have passed away.

All the old mining counties of Oregon are now becoming famous for production of locally vineyards and good grapes; and that, too, upon soil wholly unfitted for any other product. The counties encircling the foothills of the Sierras—Shasta, Tehama, Butte, Yuba, Placer, El Dorado, Calaveras, Tuolumne and Mariposa, which were depopulated ten years ago, owing to the decline of placer mining, are now growing at a rate in population and wealth equal to the annual increase of taxable property. This is more especially true of Placer and El Dorado counties, both of which lie upon the track of the Central Pacific railroad, by which they are enabled to ship grapes to Chicago and lay them down in that city one day fresher than those gathered in the vineyards about the bay of San Francisco. Between these two counties on the west slope of the Sierras and the two southern counties of Oregon there is but little climatic discrepancy and we are confident that our Oregon counties do not suffer by the comparison. As yet, viticulture in Jackson and Josephine has been confined almost entirely to flat lands in the Rogue river valley.

The real value of this industry has not yet become apparent to the people of that locality, nor will it until they begin to tear up the manzanita bushes on their hillsides and replace them with Zinfandel or Riesling grapevines. Then lands that are now worth $1 25 per acre will command ready sale at ten times that price and all the old, worked-out mining claims having a southern exposure will command good figures. Wherever the manzanita grows the grape will thrive, but the vines will have a healthier growth and need less care when planted on the north side of a valley or gulch, in order to get the southern exposure. Keep the valley lands for grain and vegetables, and plant the vineyards on the hillsides. The present population of Jackson county is about eight thousand, whereas she has sufficient land to support that many people at grape culture alone, not counting other vocations.

People may sneer at these ideas and say that Oregon lies too far north to become a wine-producing state, but let us ask them, what about the wines made in Ohio and western New York? Nearly all the available lands about Seneca lake are now being cultivated to the Catawba grape, and one wine factory, twelve miles from Seneca Falls, turns out 240,000 bottles of wine per year. Let those who drank, twenty years ago, the rich and fruity wine turned out by Nicholas Longworth of Cincinnati ask themselves if ever they drank any California champagne that was its equal, much less its superior? And we have a much milder climate in the Rogue river valley than either the shores of Seneca lake or the hills about Cincinnati. If the Fiser Zagos grape will not thrive there and give us plenty of Oregon raisins we are badly mistaken, and if the Riesling and Zinfandel grapes do not furnish the desired quality of wine they have still the Catawba vine to fall back upon. In our own belief Oregon can more than furnish her own wine already. She has no lack of good lands for vineyard purposes and the requisite climate for producing a superior article of native wine. What she most needs is an influx of population from the south of Europe, so that she will be sure of the presence of some practical wine makers.

"A Lumberman," answers some remarks published yesterday on the action of the mill men and lumber dealers of Portland, who made a combination to put up and hold up the price of lumber last year, by saying that it was a necessary measure of self-protection on the part of sawmill owners, who had to pay last year from 50 to 75 per cent. more for logs than formerly, and 10 to 25 per cent. more for labor. He says he thinks the mill men were asleep if they will be THE OREGONIAN. It may be admitted that there is much in this plea, and yet after all there would seem to have been no better reason last year for the combination rates on lumber than there is now, when such rates do not exist. To those who were compelled last year to pay very high prices, the combination rates, which had never existed before, were too patent fact. Yet it is beyond doubt that the absurd "boom" of last year had much to do with matters; and to this extent our sawmill correspondent is right.

MEETING NOTICES.

Multnomah Lodge, No. 48, A. O. U. W.

Willamette Lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F.

Pere Lavarre Union

DIED.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Scott for All-Wool Dresses and Delaine Cloth, 50 and 52nd Sides. Fine Dress Shirt Store.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL RESTAURANT.

G. SCHNEIDER & CO., FURNITURE, Carpets, Wall Papers, 130 First street.

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WANTED—A CHAMBERMAID, AT ONCE.

CHAMBERLIN HOUSE, FIRST-CLASS, CAMBRIDGE, Mass.

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FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS, WITH OR

ELEGANT UNFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A SMALL

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ROOMS FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED

A FIRST-CLASS COOK—GERMAN FEMALE

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSE

WANTED—AN ENGLISH LADY OF AN

LOST—TWO SECTIONS OF EIGHTEEN BOX

AGENTS WANTED ON THE FINEST LIST

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SAW MILL FOR SALE—CIRCULAR SAW

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, FOR GENTLE

FOR RENT—NEW FURNISHED HOUSE OF

CORNER LOT FOR SALE CHEAP—LOT

A SPLENDID HARGAIN IN SOUTH PORTLAND.

Two very handsome lots, level and 112½ feet each of their value. Apply to Pitt & Thatcher, cor. Washington and First streets.

Two 15-room, New and Elegant Houses on Stark street, on the installment plan; 5 years to pay. Pitt & Thatcher.

Cheap Farms near Portland and in the Willamette valley, improved and unimproved by Pitt & Thatcher.

R. D. PITT, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, corner of Washington and First sts.

PECK'S BOSS BOOK,

BY GEO. W. PECK for sale by C. H. WILCOX, corner First and Oak. It

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Wholesale Fruit and General Commission Merchant,

122 Front Street, Portland,

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SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

Established 1782.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO. OF LONDON.

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WANTED—SITUATION—BY A MAN AND

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A MAN AND

SITUATION WANTED BY A GOOD COOK,

AN INTELLIGENT AND RELIABLE GENTLE

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A SITUATION

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A MIDDLE-AGED

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A GOOD

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A GOOD

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A GOOD

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A GOOD

HELP WANTED.

COMPETENT GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSE

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR GEN

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We will sell Lower than the Lowest
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TO THE TRADE
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Watch Repairing and Jewelry of all kinds
Orders from the interior carefully and promptly
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Take Wm Prendergast's Oregon Blood Purifier

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FOR INSPECTION
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Our Boys' Clothing stock is immense. Prices way down.

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CONSTANTLY ON DRAUGHT
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THE FAMOUS
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MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER,
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BEST BEER IN OREGON
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SURE CURE FOR
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Decidedly the Best Remedy Now in Use
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Six Bottles for $5.
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SAZIER POHRMANN'S
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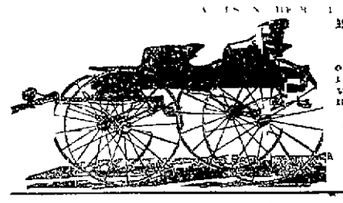

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Are the best remedy to change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians recommend them for the cure of LIVER and KIDNEY diseases. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail on receipt of price. 25 cts. Box. Boston, Mass.

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Cures Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Diphtheria, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Pains and Aches of all kinds. Its effects are wonderful. Cures when all other remedies fail. Price 25 cts. and $1. Sold by druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. Get only the genuine. JOHNSON & CO. Boston, Mass.

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Head Office, 316 California st. San Francisco
Cash Capital $1,000,000

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.
Combined Capital $15,000,000
Deposit in Oregon $100,000
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310 North Front St.
H. GATE Jr. Manager

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
FIRE AND MARINE
Capital $750,000
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North side Stark, bet. Front & First, Portland.
JAMES REED Agent

THE THAMES & MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LIVERPOOL
Capital subscribed $10,000,000
Capital paid up 2,000,000
Reserve Fund 31 Dec 83 on capital 1,875,000
Cash Assets June 30th 1883 1,951,000
Deposit in Oregon 50,000
Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN at the agency
NO 8 FRONT ST PORTLAND OR.
PHILIP WELCH Agent

REPUBLIC, LONDON NORTHERN and GLOBE
Insurance Companies of London & Liverpool
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Unrivalled in Appearance.
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Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the
VERY BEST OPERATING,
QUICKEST SELLING,
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EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.
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SOLD BY
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HUMPHREYS'
HOMEOPATHIC
VETERINARY
SPECIFICS
FOR HORSES CATTLE SHEEP DOGS HOGS.

Smoke Tansill's Gen. Custer 10c Cigar.

ANNUAL SALE FOR 12,000,000!

SMOKE TANSILL'S PUNCH THE HAVANA FILLED CIGAR

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The Daily Oregonian

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 7, 1884.

NEWS OF SATURDAY.

Condensed from The Sunday Oregonian.

Arranging for the Republican Convention.

Chicago, April 5.—A meeting of the sub-committee of the national republican committee was held in this afternoon for the purpose of arranging the preliminaries for the coming national convention. Hon. John C. New of Indiana, John A. Martin of Kansas, and John A. Gleason, proxy for Senator Logan, were present. New also held the proxy for Powell Clayton of Arkansas. Plans for the convention hall, made by the musical festival committee, were adopted, with a modification increasing the seating capacity of the gallery so that the hall will accommodate 8,000 or 9,000, exclusive of the platform and delegates, which has a seating capacity of 1,000. Provision is made for the daily press of the country on a liberal a basis as possible, and a reporters' force of about 600 can be accommodated. Applications from the daily press for seats will be considered by the sub-committee at the next meeting. Inasmuch as the whole amount is to be provided for at this meeting, it is presumed that daily newspapers will only apply for such number of seats as may be absolutely necessary. The committee call attention to the fact that the associated press will manage for all reporters' service of every description and transmission of the convention, for which it will have ample facilities. Journals wishing new connections for special service should apply to the sub-committee, addressing Hon. John C. New, chairman, Indianapolis, within three days. Owing to the restricted accommodations, the committee find it impossible to make any provision for the week's press of the country.

RIOT NEWS.

New York Police Excited over a Socialist Meeting—Matters at Cincinnati.

New York, April 5.—The socialistic labor party demonstration at Cooper Institute to-night was an imposing gathering, in point of numbers and enthusiasm. It was called mainly to give expression to the opinion of the socialists in New York on the recent riot at Cincinnati. Assemblyman Sarg, presiding, spoke at length on the question of the meeting, had been sent to the mayor of parliament during the day. In anticipation of trouble, both in uniform and civilian dress, was detailed to attend the meeting. Police headquarters after nightfall resembled an armed camp. Before the time of the meeting detachments of police began to arrive, and were quartered in the court room on stairs and in the basement, until nearly 300 men were there. Reserves were also stationed at the precincts nearest the armories and drill-sheds, where men could be called quickly to any threatened point. The men at headquarters were dismissed at 10:30, as there has been no sign or apprehension whatever of any disturbance.

MATTERS AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, April 5.—At a meeting of the Bar Association this morning a most determined purpose was exhibited to restore quickly the lost library. There was on that score of $19,000 in four companies, but three had a clause covering them from liability in the case of loss by riot. An assessment of $100 per member was ordered. This profit nearly $50,000. Subscriptions were taken in addition in sums ranging from $100 to $1000. A large number are giving from private libraries. It is thought that the library will soon be restored as far as possible, but some volumes were lost which cannot be replaced.

Cincinnati, April 5.—No progress appears to have been made by the city on Avondale toward securing the 2,000 strong, and 3000 strong, to take the place of the military.

FOREST FIRES.

Additional Particulars of the Conflagration in the Carolinas.

Columbia, S. C., April 6.—The forest fires that occurred in several sections of the state this week were caused by farmers burning brush to clear planting ground. Three miles east of Killian's station, and seven miles north of Columbia, fires swept away numerous miles of fencing. The flames continued unchecked until the Wateree river was reached, a distance of seventy miles. Jones & Killian lost their mill and 150 barrels of rosin. Many persons are doubtless homeless. Communication with the devastated district is very difficult. Charleston advice report as follows: In Allen county the fires are the worst; in Chamberlin county a heavy swamp is reported on fire, and a number of buildings and outhouses were destroyed; forest-fires on fire in Berkeley county, and several houses in the village of Cordesville were burned. Fire is reported from several other counties, but not of a serious character.

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, April 5.—Reports of damage by forest fires continue. In Johnston county a fresh fire broke out, destroying a great quantity of timber, as well as several dwellings. The people are greatly alarmed and labor incessantly night and day combating the flames. Along the line of the Carolina Central railroad the woods are burning for a distance of sixty miles. In Moore, Harnett, Chatham, Cumberland, Person and Richmond counties the bulk of the forests are was done. A number of people are homeless. Nearly all the sawmills in some sections are destroyed, as well as churches and dwellings. It is estimated the charge of $500 to 10,000 houses were burned. Almost nothing the owners. The fire is a heavy loss to the timber industries of that section of the state.

ACCIDENTS.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT AT BRAIDWOOD.

Braidwood, Ill., April 5.—This place to-day came near being visited by a disaster to be terrible than the Diamond disaster a year ago. At noon news reached one of the officers of the air shaft at the Wellington coal mine, that a blast had been set off, work in the mine at the time, and all escaped but five Italians, who worked in different parts of the mines. They were not seen to come out, although some seem to think they may have escaped with the rest and gone away unperceived during the excitement, which was intense. Some hope when no reached point and the mine was searched, but failed to find to the top. nearly were entirely exhausted. It is thought the entrance to the mine will be flooded to-night.

A PRINCIPIA EXPLOSION.

Shamokin, Pa., April 5.—A terrific explosion of powder occurred this morning at William Bear & Co.'s powder mill. Twenty kegs were heard within a radius of twenty-five miles. The smoke and ashes were shot up high enough to be seen fifteen miles. Houses within a mile and a half were shaken and windows broken. William Yahnon, superintendent, was burned beyond recognition, but is still alive. Other people escaped.

TRAIN RUN KILLED.

Cincinnati, April 5.—Three boys, driving across a railroad crossing this afternoon, were struck by an engine and instantly killed. The bodies were horribly mangled. All were sons of well-known citizens of Winton place.

STEAMER BEACHED.

Halifax, April 5.—The steamer New Castle City which sailed from this port for Boston yesterday morning, during a thick fog, struck a shoal and knocked several holes in her bottom. She was attempted to return to Halifax, but the water poured into the steamer so fast that it became necessary to beach her in order to save the lives of the passengers.

IN WALL STREET.

The Bulls Control the Market—Several Shares Advance Sharply.

New York, April 5.—Governments, strong. Railways, weak. Stocks opened firm, and during the first hour sales prices advanced ¼ to ⅝. Subsequently minor weakness was shown, which was ascribed to manipulation by the bears and room traders. In the afternoon it was rumored that Jay Gould had purchased the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Union Pacific had been settled, and there was a sharp demand to cover. Chicago, Burlington and Quincy jumped two points to 95¾; Union Pacific rallied 1¼ to 51; Western Union 4 to 69¾; and Pacific Mail ¾ to 44¾. After the close Union Pacific reacted to 70¾. The market closed firm. Compared with last night, closing prices are ¼ to 1¼ per cent. higher. Union Pacific is 1¾ lower, at 70¾. Sales of stocks for the week aggregate 1,705,155 shares, an increase of 160,911 shares.

CALIFORNIA.

The Southern Pacific.

[Special.]—Trains are now running over the Southern Pacific, but they are unable to make time over the mountains recently damaged by floods, and come in from two to twenty hours behind time. H. M. McCloskey, a well known railroader who came over the road two days ago, says that it will cost half a million dollars to repair the damages, for a section of seventy-five miles of track was washed out, in many instances there being as many as twenty bridges to the mile. These have been temporarily patched over, and trains feel their way along over rails that are bent in the middle and hang in the air. Trestles are made of ties on others. The location of the temporary track is still feet from the proper line in one place. It will be slow-tie building a new line to put the road in proper condition.

Hard Glove Fight.

[Special.]—A hard glove fight took place in this city last night between the well known local pugilists Mervin Kelly and Jack Hall. The pugilists were off the scent, but there was a large attendance, including lawyers and well-known business men. After seven rounds had been fought, in which there was no decided knock out, the match was declared a draw. Frazer was badly bruised about the chest. The match was a square one, and gave great satisfaction to the lovers of pugilistic.

A Hopeful Outlook.

[Special.]—The general business outlook in California was never better at the opening of the season than at the present time. Contracts are being made for several years past, and this country south is now and activity in every branch of trade. "Business is good all round," said a merchant to me one day. "California will certainly have a prosperous year."

Bicycle Races at San Jose.

San Jose, April 5.—In the one mile race this afternoon between Charles Stiles, of Oakland, and F. A. Engelbrecht's trotting horse Captain Lewis, Prince won with ease. Time, 39.26½. In the mile dash between Mike Kennedy and a mare named Lucy, the latter won. In the half mile dash between Mike Arnstede and a trotting pony, the lady won in 1.35¾. Going to a heavy wind." It did not attempt to beat the best time ever recorded, as announced, but made a half mile in 1.37¾, said to be the best paced half mile ever run by 4½ seconds.

DUST TO DUST.

Funeral Services Over the Dead Prince—The Remains Deposited in the Royal Vault.

London, April 5.—The Duchess of Albany this morning visited Memorial chapel, where the body of her late friend was resting. She remained a short time alone with the dead Princess, whose face, since Monday, was in mourning in St. George's chapel. Princess of Wales and Princess Christian, Louise and Beatrice were from the castle through the corridor to the chapel. The Prince of Wales, the Crown Prince Frederick William of Prussia, and other royal personages assembled in Memorial chapel and marched in procession to St. George's chapel. The Prince of Wales followed the coffin as chief mourner. The dean began service at the 11:30 bell sounded the door. The choir sang "Christ Our Help to Save Us," and Spohr's anthem "Blessed are the Departed." The coffin was then placed in the vault. As the queen retired the chorus sang "Lead Kindly Light." Gounod's "Funeral March" was played as the other royal personages withdrew.

The queen sat during the service weeping bitterly. All the young grandsons were sobbing. The prince of Wales was very pale. After services the Scotch Highlanders, the duke's regiment, played "Ha with" return to Lochaber no more."

POLITICAL.

REDUCED FARE TO THE CHICAGO CELEBRATION.

New York, April 5.—The trunk lines have agreed to carry delegates and visitors to the republican and democratic national conventions, in Chicago at one unlimited fare for the round trip, from the principal points in trunk line territory.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

The House Passes the Agricultural Appropriation Bill.

THE USUAL DISCUSSION IN THE SENATE.

Proceedings of the Investigations of the Bastille Riot, and the Charges against Governor Murray.

Senate.

Washington, April 5.—[Special.]—Several prominent democratic members of congress will attend the dinner to be given in Brooklyn by the young democrats' league in honor of the birthday anniversary of Governor Hendricks. Senator Bayard, Representatives Bloxham, Blackburn and Hewitt and Speaker Pendleton left for New York last evening. Mr. Bayard will be the guest of Mr. Hewitt, his colleague from the Brooklyn district, and Mr. Pendleton will be entertained by Mr. Blackburn. Senator Gorman, who is also expected to attend himself, has written a letter in which, speaking of the Hendricks boom for the house, he says: "The fact that I might bring Mr. Morrison's honorable name into the contest is evidence that I am not a candidate myself. If there are still persons who pay any enlightened party regard to ante-bellum reports, I will be glad to refer them to the record of my vote for Hendricks in 1868, which could have been made to serve the purpose of paying for 400 colored men. When a colored man entered a door I was handed him. When I was assigned to a car I was escorted by a to the door-keeper, to be handed to another colored man. The conditions are altered, election officials at certain white precincts, knowing the people will defend a majority of the day, when many democrats waited to vote. Witness that the names of between 200 and 300 democratic voters as near as I can remember, who were thus prevented from voting. Adjourned.

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Ottawa, Ont., April 5.—The revenue of the Dominion for the nine months ended March 31 was $23,455,220; expenditure, $20,691,172.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Eastern Oregon.

Umatilla county has 325,000 sheep.

Farmers nearly all have their crops in about Heppner.

Ten carloads of railroad iron per day is now arriving at the summit of the Blue mountains.

A Pendleton Chinaman was placed under a fine of $100 for wearing a weapon up on a white man.

Work will be commenced on the railroad bridge across Grand Ronde, just above Dr. Hall's, in a few days.

It is said that eagles are committing depredations on the young lambs in St. John Bay valley, to the serious loss of the sheep owners in that locality.

Sheep shearing has begun in some localities in Umatilla county. The great problem is: Shall sheep shear at present at what the price of wool is going to be?

Centerville *Exchange*: Fears are entertained that the severe cold weather of last winter injured the fruit trees to such an extent that another fruit failure can be expected. The failure of the fruit crop for two successive years was never known in the history of the upper country, and it is to be hoped the fears of our people are unfounded.

John Eastridge met with a very painful accident last Saturday at Heppner. Wishing to take a ride he procured a horse and when he went to mount the animal gave a sudden jump, throwing Mr. Eastridge heavily to the ground. The fall broke his left arm and side, yet with the good fortune of no fractured bones, but received bruises on his arm and side.

The farmers about Pilot Rock are well pleased with the outlook for good crops of grain this year. The ground is in better condition for cultivation than a spring time has been for years in this section. Its peculiarity is also common. This favorable condition of the ground is of considerable importance, as a large amount of rainfall is necessary to put the ground in shape for seeding. Moisture is much more plentiful in the valley at the present writing, the ground is soaked from ten to twenty inches below the surface. A few acres shown in spots, will require a sufficient fall of rain to make seeding easy.

Union county *Record*: Railroad matters are progressing. The construction train is looking its way to the front from Meacham, and last Sunday pushed a half mile past Hilgard. It encountered no serious obstruction on the down grade and the chimney is a fact that did not furnish a very large amount of labor.

Hood Paul holds out hope his support of the proposition to the general welfare clauses: "Our institutions are in the hands of the people, and if humanity and enlightened public sentiment demands any grants, of this kind," said Hon. Paul, "we are ready to try the experiment, why then not to the extent of the ability of the people to respond? We can but try the experiment, and if it does not work right, then we are trying that experiment, to elect him out of the way." Replying to a remark by Morgan that he was opposed to the principle of subsidies, the senator said: "I am not enthralled like the black man, if he declared he would not be drawn into a contamination with regard to past history, record or present."

After further debate as to the time which should be allowed for consideration of the measure before bringing it to a vote, it was finally agreed that it be disposed of before adjournment Monday, the debate in the latter part of the day to be under the five minute rule.

After an executive session the senate adjourned.

House.

Washington, April 5.

Goff, from the committee on naval affairs, reported back the resolution requesting information of the navy department as to the feasibility and expediency of constructing an interior coast and line of waterway for the Atlantic and gulf seaboards, adopted.

The morning hour was then called with, and the house went into committee of the whole (Hiscock in the chair) on the agricultural appropriation bill.

Several amendments were offered, among them one increasing by $25,000 the appropriation for the distribution of seeds, plants, etc., and then, the committee having risen, the bill was passed.

The house then took up for consideration the bill forfeiting the grant of Central land grant, and after a long debate without final action, the matter went over.

The senate amendments were concurred in to the house bill making it a felony for a person to carry from one state to another a pistol, dirk, bowie knife or other deadly weapon, except under authority of the United States or any department thereof.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the secretary of internal affairs addressed to Randall, submitting an estimate of the disbursements in the progress for Capitol Statuary etc. The amount is $50,000; referred. Adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL CHIT-CHAT.

THE BROOKLYN BANQUET.

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THE STEINMANN WRECK.

Additional Particulars Confirm the Terrible Tale of Death.

ONLY NINE MEN SAVED IN REMOVING BAND.

One Hundred and Twenty Have Lost—Six Women and Children Swept Overboard by the First Sea—The Captain's Statement.

Halifax, April 5.—The S. A. Steinmann, of the Prussian line, arrived here this morning, bringing the rescued from the wreck of the steamer of the same name. The Steinmann left Bremen on the 19th ult. for Philadelphia, with a general cargo and 129 passengers. She encountered very severe weather, which continued with but little abatement, the most violent storms of the season, during the whole of the voyage. The vessel was in charge of Captain Schmidt, who was very much respected by all on board. The passengers were principally Germans, Russians and Poles, who were emigrating to the United States. The steamer was a new vessel, having been launched from the yards of Caird & Co., Greenock, Scotland, in 1883. She was a fine, staunch vessel, and was considered by her officers and crew to be a good sea boat. She was fitted with all the modern improvements, and was supplied with the most approved life-saving apparatus. She was commanded by